## **CLAIMS**

## What is claimed is:

- 1. A method of producing a mammalian glycosylated bikunin, the method comprising the steps of
  - a) obtaining mammalian cells which contain a nucleic acid coding sequence for the bikunin;
  - b) culturing the mainmalian cells in a culture system under conditions sufficient to allow the cells to express the bikunin, said mammalian cells being capable of glycosylating the bikunin; and
  - c) recovering the glycosylated bikunin from the culture system.

2 An isolated mammalian glycosylated bikunin.

- 3. The glycosylated bikunin of claim 2, wherein the bikunin has a deduced amino acid sequence which is at least 80% identical over at least 40 residues to SEQ ID NO:1.
- 4. The glycosylated bikunin of claim 2, wherein the bikunin has a deduced amino acid sequence which is at least 90% identical over at least 50 residues to SEQ ID NO:1.
- 5. The glycosylated bikunin of claim 2, wherein the bikunin has a deduced amino acid sequence given by SEQ ID NO:1.
- 6. The glycosylated bikunin of claim 2 wherein the glycosylated bikunin comprises at least one sialic acid residue bonded within the glycosylated bikunin via an alpha-(2, 3) linkage.

- 7. The glycosylated bikunin of claim 2 wherein the glycosylated bikunin comprises at least one sialic acid residue bonded within the glycosylated bikunin via an alpha-(2, 6) linkage.
- 8. The glycosylated bikunin of claim 2 wherein the glycosylated bikunin comprises at least one sialic acid residue bonded within the glycosylated bikunin via an alpha-(2, 3) linkage and at least one sialic acid residue bonded within the glycosylated bikunin via an alpha-(2, 6) linkage.
- 9. The glycosylated bikunin of claim 2 in a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 10. A mammalian cell line which has been engineered using recombinant DNA techniques to express a mammalian glycosylated bikunin.
- 11. The cell line of claim 10 wherein the cell line is a CHO cell line.
- 12. The cell line of claim 11 wherein the cell line is designated PD3-1 (ATCC accession number \_\_\_\_\_, deposited November 12, 1999).
- 13. The cell line of claim 10 wherein the cell line is an HKB cell line.
- 14. A method of producing a mammalian glycosylated monokunin, the method comprising the steps of
  - d) obtaining mammalian cells which contain a nucleic acid coding sequence for the monokunin;
  - e) culturing the mammalian cells in a culture system under conditions sufficient to allow the cells to express the monokunin, said mammalian cells being capable of glycosylating the monokunin; and
  - f) recovering the glycosylated monokunin from the culture system.
- 15. An isolated mammalian glycosylated monokunin

- 16. The glycosylated monokunin of claim 15, wherein the monokunin has a deduced amino acid sequence which is at least 80% identical over at least 40 residues to SEQ ID NO:1.
- 17. The glycosylated monokunin of claim 15, wherein the monokunin has a deduced amino acid sequence which is at least 90% identical over at least 50 residues to SEQ ID NO:1.
- 18. The glycosylated monokunin of claim 15 wherein the glycosylated monokunin comprises at least one sialic acid residue bonded within the glycosylated monokunin via an alpha-(2, 3) linkage.
- 19. The glycosylated monokunin of claim 15 wherein the glycosylated monokunin comprises at least one sialic acid residue bonded within the glycosylated monokunin via an alpha-(2, 6) linkage.
- 20. The glycosylated monokunin of claim 15 wherein the glycosylated monokunin comprises at least one sialic acid residue bonded within the glycosylated monokunin via an alpha-(2, 3) linkage and at least one sialic acid residue bonded within the glycosylated monokunin via an alpha-(2, 6) linkage.
- 21. The glycosylated monokunin of claim 15 in a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 22. A mammalian cell line which has been engineered using recombinant DNA techniques to express a mammalian glycosylated monokunin.
  - 23. The cell line of claim 22 wherein the cell line is a CHO cell line.
- The cell line of claim 22 wherein the cell line is an HKB cell line.

